ART 6.5.3.3 Establish Perimeter Security

Employ defensive measures to protect a unit, facility, or location from attack, unauthorized access, theft, or sabotage. Measures may include physical barriers, clear zones, lighting, guards or sentries, reaction forces, intrusion detection devices, and defensive positions.(FM 3-90) (USACAC)

NO.	Scale	Measure		
01	Yes/No	Effective perimeter security existed in a 360-degree arc		
		around the unit.		
02	Yes/No	Commander adjusted unit levels of alert based on the		
		factors of METT-TC.		
03	Yes/No	The perimeter took advantage of the natural defensive		
		characteristics of the terrain.		
04	Yes/No	The unit controlled the area surrounding the perimeter		
		to a range beyond that of enemy mortars and rockets.		
05	Yes/No	Unit used smoke and deception during the conduct of		
		perimeter security.		
06	Yes/No	Lethal and nonlethal systems and munitions are		
		available and sufficient to support the perimeter		
		security plan.		
07	Time	To plan for perimeter security.		
08	Time	To prepare for the conduct of perimeter security.		
09	Time	That perimeter security will be maintained.		
10	Time	To establish observation and guard posts.		
11	Time	To conduct patrols of the local area.		
12	Time	To emplace camouflage.		
13	Time	Between observation and surveillance of dead space		
		within direct fire range of the unit?s perimeter.		
14	Time	For all unit personnel to occupy fighting and		
		survivability positions on receipt of warning of enemy		
		attack or order.		
15	Time	For unit reaction force to respond to enemy penetration		
		of unit perimeter.		
16	Time	To site and emplace protective obstacles, such as		
		concertina wire and command detonated antipersonnel		
		mines.		
17	Time	To adjust local security measures in reaction to changes		

		the second second state and the second	
		in environmental conditions, such as fog, rain, and	
		nightfall.	
18	Time	To establish ambushes to provide local protection under	
		limited visibility conditions.	
19	Time	To emplace security measures that are not protective	
		obstacles, such as sally ports, guard towers, intrusion	
		detector sensors, and exterior lights.	
20	Percent	Of unit observing stand-to time and procedures as	
		outlined in unit SOPs.	
21	Percent	Of unit observing movement control restrictions.	
22	Percent	Of unit observing unit noise and light discipline	
		protocols.	
23	Percent	Of available ground sensors, night vision devices, and	
		daylight sights in operating condition.	
24	Percent	Of area around the unit perimeter under continuous	
		observation or surveillance.	
25	Percent	Of unit to provide perimeter security.	
26	Percent	Decrease in sustainment unit functional capabilities due	
		to the requirement for those units to provide their own	
		perimeter security.	
27	Number	And types of ground sensors, night vision devices, and	
		daylight sights in operating condition.	
28	Number	Of observation and guard posts established.	
29	Number	Of patrols operating at any given time.	
30	Number	Of ambushes operating at any given time.	
31	Number	Of instances enemy reconnaissance and surveillance	
		attempts disrupted by friendly security activities.	
32	Number	Of level I and terrorist attacks directed against the unit	
		perimeter.	
33	Number	Of level II attacks directed against the unit perimeter.	
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Supporting Collective Tasks:

Task	Title	Proponent	Echelon
No.			
06-2-	Perform Reaction Force Operations	06 - Field	Company
4003		Artillery	
		(Collective)	
06-3-	Coordinate Defense of the Ammunition	06 - Field	Platoon

4005	Holding Area	Artillery	
		(Collective)	
06-5-	Perform Antiarmor Operations	06 - Field	Team
4006		Artillery	(TOE)
		(Collective)	
19-2-	Conduct Perimeter Security for an	19 - Military	Company
3603	Internment Facility	Police	
		(Collective)	
19-3-	Secure a Downed Aircraft	19 - Military	Platoon
2405		Police	
		(Collective)	
19-6-	Plan Security for Downed Aircraft BCT	19 - Military	Brigade
2405	PM	Police	
		(Collective)	