

## Training and Evaluation Outline Report

**Task Number:** 71-9-1300

**Task Title:** Provide Operational Mobility (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])

**Supporting Reference(s):**

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	ADP 3-0	Unified Land Operations	Yes	No
	FM 5-0	THE OPERATIONS PROCESS	Yes	No
	FM 5-0.1	The Operations Process	Yes	No
	FM 6-0	MISSION COMMAND: COMMAND AND CONTROL OF ARMY FORCES	Yes	No
	FM 90-7	COMBINED ARMS OBSTACLE INTEGRATION	Yes	No
	JP 3-0 CH 1	JOINT OPERATIONS	Yes	Yes

**Condition:** The command is conducting or preparing to conduct operations as a Joint Task Force, Joint Force Land Component, Army Forces, or Army Service Component Command headquarters. The command's headquarters may or may not have integrated Joint staff augmentation, liaisons, unit, and individual attachments. The command has received an operations plan, warning, operations, or fragmentary order from higher headquarters and is exercising mission command. The commander has issued guidance on operational mobility. Communications are established with subordinate and adjacent units, and higher headquarters. The mission command system is operational and processing information in accordance with standard operating procedures. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP.

**Standard:** The staff plans movement of joint and multinational operational formations in a campaign or major operation without delays caused by operationally significant terrain or obstacles. The staff plans for the reduction of minefields, barriers, and obstacles through bridging, clearing, detecting, and neutralizing mines; and removing natural and man-made obstacles, to ensure freedom of movement. The staff also plans for the use of barriers, obstacles, and minefields to discern enemy intentions and create uncertainty for the enemy commander.

Note: Task steps and performance measures may not apply to every staff or echelon. Prior to evaluation, coordination should be made between evaluator and the evaluated units' higher headquarters to determine the performance measures that may not be evaluated.

**Special Equipment:** None

**Safety Level:** Low

<b>Task Statements</b>
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**Cue:** None

**DANGER**

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct Composite Risk Management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

## WARNING

Composite Risk Management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

## CAUTION

Identifying hazards and controlling risks across the full spectrum of Army functions, operations, and activities is the responsibility of all Soldiers.

**Remarks:** While Army doctrine has changed to mission command over command and control (C2 - which is now a component of mission command), and changed from using ISR (Intelligence, Reconnaissance and Surveillance) to information collection (comprised of reconnaissance and surveillance, security operations, and intelligence operations), joint doctrine still retains the primacy of C2 over mission command as well as the use of ISR. Commanders and staffs of Army headquarters serving as a joint task force, joint force land component command, Army forces, or Army service component command headquarters should refer to applicable joint or multinational doctrine for the exercise and use of C2 and ISR.

Note: Task content last updated: 19 January 2012

**Notes:** None

## TASK STEPS

### 1. The staff plans operational mobility during land operations:

- a. Planning logistics requirements for personnel, equipment, and weapons for breaching operations as early as possible.
- b. Planning artillery-delivered and air-delivered scatterable mines to counter threat attacks during friendly breaching operations.
- c. Conducting long-range planning to breach major barriers, obstacles, and minefields, well in advance of encountering the obstruction.
- d. Planning to bypass barriers, obstacles, and minefields when it is operationally sound.
- e. Focusing all available fires to suppress threat personnel, weapons, and equipment from firing on friendly breaching, assault, and support forces.
- f. Obscuring threat observation and target acquisition, to conceal friendly activities and movement.
- g. Monitoring friendly counterattacks to ensure they are not impeded by barriers and obstacles in a defensive operation.
- h. Conducting reconnaissance of all threat barrier, obstacle, and minefield operations that could interfere with friendly maneuvers.
- i. Performing analyses of the threat's employment of obstacles and associated fortifications, and assess threat intentions, plans, and defensive strength.

### 2. The staff coordinates land operations:

- a. Coordinating and synchronizing supporting fires to minimize loss and enhance rapid passage through obstructions.
- b. Analyzing threat's employment of obstacles and associated fortifications, to assess threat intentions, plans, and defensive strength.
- c. Conducting unit training and rehearsals in counter-obstacle operations prior to conducting major counter-obstacle operation.
- d. Evaluating apparent bypass routes around major obstacles to ensure the route is not part of a threat deception.
- e. Reporting immediately, through appropriate channels, any knowledge, detection, or encounter of threat barriers, obstacles, or minefields.
- f. Employing marking of breached paths, lanes, or gaps, to move units safely and swiftly.

### 3. The staff addresses Maritime Mine Countermeasures (MCM):

- a. Destroying threat mine manufacturing and storage facilities or mine-laying platforms before the mines are laid.
- b. Employing safe routes around the minefield area.
- c. Considering flying over the minefield, instead of through or around them.
- d. Developing intelligence to identify mine storage sites and the types and quantities of mines in the sites.

- e. Dedicating collecting efforts on mine-laying operations.
- f. Exploiting recovered mines to identify how they worked.
- g. Determining the type of MCM, based on the number and types of mines.

(Asterisks indicates a leader performance step.)

<b>PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>	<b>N/A</b>
1. The staff planned operational mobility during land operations:			
a. Planned logistics requirements for personnel, equipment, and weapons for breaching operations as early as possible.			
b. Planned artillery-delivered and air-delivered scatterable mines to counter threat attacks during friendly breaching operations.			
c. Conducted long-range planning to breach major barriers, obstacles, and minefields, well in advance of encountering the obstruction.			
d. Planned to bypass barriers, obstacles, and minefields when it is operationally sound.			
e. Focused all available fires to suppress threat personnel, weapons, and equipment from firing on friendly breaching, assault, and support forces.			
f. Obscured threat observation and target acquisition, that concealed friendly activities and movement.			
g. Monitored friendly counterattacks to ensure they were not impeded by barriers and obstacles in a defensive operation.			
h. Conducted reconnaissance of all threat barrier, obstacle, and minefield operations that interfered with friendly maneuvers.			
i. Performed analyses of the threat's employment of obstacles and associated fortifications, and assessed threat intentions, plans, and defensive strength.			
2. The staff coordinated execution of land operations:			
a. Coordinated and synchronized supporting fires to minimize loss and enhance rapid passage through obstructions.			
b. Analyzed threat's employment of obstacles and associated fortifications, that assessed threat intentions, plans, and defensive strength.			
c. Conducted unit training and rehearsals in counter-obstacle operations prior to conducting major counter-obstacle operation.			
d. Evaluated apparent bypass routes around major obstacles to ensure the route was not part of a threat deception.			
e. Reported immediately, through appropriate channels, any knowledge, detection, or encountered threat barriers, obstacles, or minefields.			
f. Employed marking of breached paths, lanes, or gaps, to move units safely and swiftly.			
3. The staff addressed Maritime Mine Countermeasures (MCM):			
a. Destroyed threat mine manufacturing and storage facilities or mine-laying platforms before the mines were laid.			
b. Employed safe routes around the minefield area.			
c. Considered flying over the minefield, instead of through or around them.			
d. Developed intelligence to identify mine storage sites and the types and quantities of mines in the sites.			
e. Dedicated collecting efforts on mine-laying operations.			
f. Exploited recovered mines to identify how they worked.			
g. Determined the type of MCM, based on the number and types of mines.			



<b>Step Number</b>	<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Proponent</b>	<b>Status</b>
	71-9-1200	Conduct Operational Maneuver (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-2421	Provide Indications and Warnings for the Joint Operational Area (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-2424	Provide Target Information for the Joint Operational Area (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-3100	Conduct Joint Force Targeting (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-3200	Attack Operational Targets (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-3210	Provide Close Air Support Integration for Surface Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-3260	Provide Firepower in Support of Operational Maneuver (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-4510	Provide Movement Services in the Joint Operations Area (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-6200	Provide Protection for Operational Forces, Means, and Noncombatants (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-6220	Remove Operationally Significant Hazards (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-6221	Conduct Counter Improvised Explosive Device Operations (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-6300	Protect Systems in the Joint Operations Area (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-6520	Protect Flanks, Rear Areas, and Communications Zone in Joint Operations Area (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-6540	Protect Air, Land, and Sea Lines of Communication (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-6600	Conduct Defensive Countermeasures Operations (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

**Supporting Individual Task(s):**

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	150-718-2010	Prepare an Operations Plan/Order using the Military Decision Making Process-Assistant Application on the AN/PYQ-6 Series Maneuver Contro (6.4.4.3P7)	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5111	Participate in the Military Decision Making Process	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5112	Participate in Mission Analysis	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5113	Recommend the Commanders Critical Information Requirements	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5114	Participate in Course of Action Development	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5115	Participate in Course of Action Analysis and Wargaming	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5116	Participate in Course of Action Comparison	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5117	Prepare a Warning Order	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5119	Prepare an Operations Order	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5130	Assess The Current Situation (Battalion - Corps)	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5144	Prepare a Running Estimate	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved

**Supporting Drill Task(s):** None

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**TADSS**

Step ID	TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
No TADSS specified				

**Equipment (LIN)**

Step ID	LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified			

**Material Items (NSN)**

Step ID	NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
No equipment specified				

**Environment:** Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to FM 3-34.5 Environmental Considerations and GTA 05-08-002 ENVIRONMENTAL-RELATED RISK ASSESSMENT

**Safety:** In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with FM 5-19, Composite Risk Management. Leaders will complete a DA Form 7566 COMPOSITE RISK MANAGEMENT WORKSHEET during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, NBC Protection, FM 3-11.5, CBRN Decontamination. .