

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

14 May 2015

Effective Date: 30 Sep 2016

Task Number: 71-9-3310

Task Title: Conduct Peacekeeping Operations (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the Fort Leavenworth, KS foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	FM 3-07.31	Peace Operations Multi-Service Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Conducting Peace Operations	Yes	No
	JP 3-07.3	Peace Operations	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The command is conducting operations as a Joint Task Force (JTF) or as a Combined Joint Task Force (CJTF) headquarters. The command's headquarters receives liaison, unit, and individual augmentees. The command receives an operations order from higher headquarters. The commander issues guidance on peacekeeping operations. The command establishes communications with subordinate and adjacent units and higher headquarters. The mission command system is operational and processing information in accordance with standard operating procedures. This task should not be trained in MOPP 4.

Standards: The staff plans the conduct of peacekeeping operations in the joint operations area to monitor and facilitate implementation of agreements, such as cease fires, truces, or other such agreements, and to support diplomatic efforts to reach a long term political settlement in accordance with the commanders intent, orders from higher headquarters, and standard operating procedures.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare		Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment	Training Environment (L/V/C)	Training/Authorized	% of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above									
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	IAW unit CATS statement.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
			75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day		65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
			60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)				<=59%	<=59%	<=50%			U

Remarks: None

Notes: None.

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct Risk Management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

WARNING

Risk Management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All Soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

CAUTION

Identifying hazards and controlling risks across the full spectrum of Army functions, operations, and activities is the responsibility of all Soldiers.

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
1. The staff prepares for peacekeeping operations to inhibit hostile actions and bolster confidence in the peace process by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
Note: U.S. military personnel may perform a wide variety of PKO functions. They may be detailed to serve on a multinational staff as an United Nations military experts on mission. The United States may also participate in PKO by providing officers to UN Headquarters (UNHQ) in New York.			
a. Establishing the role of US forces as either the lead nation, a contingent force, operating unilaterally, or by providing United Nations military experts on mission.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Organizing forces as a single nation force or as a multinational bridging force.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Organizing forces as a United Nations peacekeeping force.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Determining the force size and mix based on the mission, mandate, and threat in the operational area.	N/A	N/A	N/A
2. The staff develops the peacekeeping force package to provide capabilities for:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Establishing buffer or demilitarized zones to supervise or assist in the separation of opposing sides.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Controlling and surveying the line of demarcation to facilitate the disengagement and withdrawal of disputing forces, discourage infiltration confrontations, and assist in resolving local disputes.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Observing and monitoring military and paramilitary units within a specified area.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Conducting air operations to provide the speed, range, and flexibility over a range of operational requirements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Conducting maritime operations to augment ground and air forces support capabilities, provide harbor movement control and port security, and conduct riverine operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Conducting military information support operations to influence the attitudes and behavior of disputing parties and uncommitted segments of the population.	N/A	N/A	N/A
g. Conducting civil-military operations to build cooperation between military forces, participating civilian organizations, and the governments and populations within the operational area.	N/A	N/A	N/A
3. The staff plans to conduct peacekeeping operations to include peacekeeping tasks such as:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Observation and monitoring tasks to include:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Observing, monitoring, verifying, and reporting alleged violations of treaties, truces, cease fires, arms control agreements, or any other binding agreements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Investigating alleged cease fire violations, boundary incidents, and complaints involving incidents, unauthorized troop movements, and construction or reinforcing of defensive positions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Negotiating and mediating to reconcile differences at the lowest possible level.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Conducting liaison visits to exchange of information with disputing parties, local officials, non-governmental and inter-governmental organizations, the peacekeeping force headquarters, and other national contingents.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Maintaining up-to-date information on the disposition of forces in the operational area.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Verifying the storage or destruction of certain categories of military equipment specified in agreements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Supervision and assistance tasks to include:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Supervising cease fires to observe and report on the disputing parties' compliance.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Supervising disengagements and withdrawals to ensure disengagement and withdrawal and to verify troop and equipment dispositions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Supervising detainee exchanges during resolution of a dispute.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Supervising demobilization and demilitarization and provide progress reports to the sponsoring organization.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Assisting civil authorities in the conduct of elections, transfer of authority, partitioning of territory, evacuation, convoy escort, or the temporary administration of civil functions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Assisting in the maintenance of public order or the reestablishment of public order.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(7) Supporting foreign humanitarian assistance operations by providing security for the offloading and transfer of relief supplies.	N/A	N/A	N/A
+ 4. The commander directs the command and control structure for peacekeeping operations by:			
a. Specifying the degree of command and control the peacekeeping force commander has over national contingents.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Applying national laws and regulations to the national contingents.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Designating support responsibilities and procedures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Appointing subordinate commanders, especially those detached from the main body.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Authorizing individuals to issue directives and instructions and under what circumstances.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Promulgating policies and procedures for:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Subunit operational areas and tasks.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Methods of operation and deployment.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Reserve forces.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) States of readiness.	N/A	N/A	N/A

(5) Succession to command.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Location of forces and unit headquarters.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(7) Identification of peace-keepers and marking of vehicles and positions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(8) Relationships with host government and local administration, armed forces, and police.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(9) Powers of search and seizure and rights of entry.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(10) Media relations to include guidance on when and through whom operational information may be provided.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(11) Force protection measures, to include information and communications security.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(12) Regulations and restrictions to be observed off-duty.	N/A	N/A	N/A
5. The staff oversees peacekeeping operations by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Allocating forces for employment to:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Operate a specific operational area to develop an appreciation of the terrain and community in one area.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Rotate units in and out of operational areas to obtain a working knowledge of more than one area.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Designating forces to supervise the disengagement and withdrawal of the parties to the dispute.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Deploying forces to occupy and secure a presence in an area and to establish security for follow-on elements by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Making contact with local military and paramilitary organizations, civil authorities, and non-governmental and inter-governmental organizations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Establishing surveillance over planned points of entry.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Conducting protection operations to reduce risk to the force.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Conducting information operations to notify the indigenous population of the arrival of forces and peacekeeping actions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Designating forces to expand coverage of an area to gain information on belligerent dispositions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Conducting operations to enforce the mandate by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Separating belligerent parties.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Supporting political mediation.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Establishing demilitarized zones.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Disarming, demobilizing, and reintegrating belligerent parties.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Preparing forces for transition and redeployment.	N/A	N/A	N/A

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Never

MOPP 4 Statement: None

NVG: Never

NVG Statement: None

Prerequisite Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-9-5200	Assess the Operational Situation	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-5300	Prepare Plans (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-5400	Control Subordinate Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-6500	Provide Security for Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

Supporting Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-TA-5310	Conduct Operational Mission Analysis for Theater Army	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	150-LDR-5003	Use the Mission Order Technique	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-2300	Perform Information Collection	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5111	Conduct the Military Decisionmaking Process	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5144	Develop a Running Estimate	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5145	Conduct Risk Management	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5200	Conduct Command Post Operations	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

Task ID	Title
OP 3.3.1	Conduct Peacekeeping Operations (PKO)

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
71-20	Common Hardware Platform (CHP)	DVC	1
71-30	Joint Land Component Constructive Training Capability (JLCCTC) Objective System	DVC	1

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
No materiel items specified			

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. .

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.

