

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

20 Mar 2015

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Task Number: 71-9-6500

Task Title: Provide Security for Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the Fort Leavenworth foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	JP 3-10	JOINT SECURITY OPERATIONS IN THEATER	Yes	Yes

Conditions: The command is conducting operations as a Joint Task Force (JTF) or as a Combined Joint Task Force (CJTF) headquarters. The command's headquarters receives liaison, unit, and individual augmentees. The command receives an operations order from higher headquarters. The commander issues guidance on providing security for operational forces. The command establishes communications with subordinate and adjacent units and higher headquarters. The mission command system is operational and processing information. This task should not be trained in MOPP 4.

Standards: The staff plans to provide security for operational forces to enhance freedom of action by identifying and reducing friendly vulnerability to hostile acts, influence, or surprise in accordance with the commanders intent, orders from higher headquarters, and standard operating procedures.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare		Execute						Assess	
Operational Environment	Training Environment (L/V/C)	Training/Authorized	% of Leaders Present at	% of Soldiers Present at	External Eval	% Performance Measures 'GO'	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'	Task Assessment
BDE & Above									
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat)	Night	IAW unit CATS statement.	>=85%	>=80%	Yes	>=91%	All	>=90%	T
			75-84%			80-90%		80-89%	T-
Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat)	Day		65-74%	75-79%	No	65-79%	<All	<=79%	P
			60-64%	60-74%		51-64%			P-
Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat)			<=59%	<=59%	<=50%	U			

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct Composite Risk Management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

WARNING

Composite Risk Management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

CAUTION

Identifying hazards and controlling risks across the full spectrum of Army functions, operations, and activities is the responsibility of all Soldiers.

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

STEP/MEASURE	GO	NO-GO	N/A
1. The staff establishes command and control relationships to enable joint security planning, coordination, and execution by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Defining base, base cluster, and line of communication security responsibilities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Appreciating the capabilities of enemy forces, weapons, equipment, tactics, and political, ideological, cultural, and economic factors.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Conducting intelligence preparation of the operational environment to analyze of enemy capabilities, the effect of the civilian populace, terrain, and weather on friendly operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Exploiting defenders' advantages that include:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Prepared positions, routes between them, obstacles, and fields of fire.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Detailed knowledge of local waterways, terrain, and environment.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Planned communications, control measures, indirect fires, close air and logistic support.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Rehearsals of contingency response plans on the terrain they will be executed on.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Mitigating defenders' disadvantages by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Establishing boundaries with controlled access points.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Integrating mobile security forces into base and line of communication security plans.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Applying countermeasures to include patrolling, observation posts, and biometrics screening.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Hardening facilities and critical resources.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Synchronizing fires with base defense and line of communication security actions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Conducting execution rehearsals.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(7) Developing and executing chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear emergency response measures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(8) Integrating intelligence collection assets with early detection assets.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Planning security actions by considering civil and political constraints and restraints.	N/A	N/A	N/A
2. The staff develops priority intelligence requirements concerning relevant actors, local and transnational threat networks in the operational environment, and their probable objectives and intentions by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Identifying the effect of bases and lines of communication on enemy objectives and intentions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Determining the organization, size, and composition of adversary forces, and locations of strongholds that threaten bases and lines of communication.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Locating movements of enemy personnel and equipment.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Confirming enemy intelligence capabilities, to include use of local hire base workers and infiltrators.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Defining enemy capabilities and tactics to include standoff capabilities such as mortars and missiles.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Analyzing the level of local support for enemy causes.	N/A	N/A	N/A
3. The staff identifies information requirements to enable collection, processing and exploitation, analysis and production, and dissemination and integration of intelligence to:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Prevent and disrupt enemy attacks on bases and line of communications.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Counter enemy fires, mobility, electronic warfare, imagery, and human intelligence capabilities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Identify and defend against enemy intelligence collection efforts.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Identify intelligence efforts to develop a biometrically-enabled watch list.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Identify known or suspected criminal, insurgent, or violent extremist organizations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Identify suspected or known locations of buildings and facilities used by insurgents, terrorists, and criminals.	N/A	N/A	N/A
4. The staff determines requirements for forces and support to conduct joint security operations by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Defining Level I threat requirements for forces and support to conduct day-to-day security measures that include:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Conducting patrols to detect and report the location, strength, and capabilities of enemy forces near the base.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Preparing fighting positions within the base from which enemy advances can be stopped or destroyed.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Exploiting intelligence to plan, coordinate, and execute combat operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Exercising the mobile security force to counter enemy threats.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Providing internal security for critical capabilities and mission-essential assets located on the base.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(6) Employing fire control measures to prevent friendly fire incidents within the base and between the bases and base clusters.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Defining Level II threat requirements for forces and support to counter threats that require dedicated mobile security force or area command combat force in addition to base security forces to include:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Armored mobility.	N/A	N/A	N/A

(2) Larger caliber direct-fire weapons.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Organic or on-call indirect-fire capability.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Defining Level III threat requirements for forces and support that include a tactical combat force capable of responding to larger-scale conventional or counterinsurgency threats by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Employing barriers and mines outside and around the base boundary.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Developing extended, in-depth individual defensive positions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Rehearsing base defense actions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Planning fire support.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Integrating air and missile defense.	N/A	N/A	N/A
5. The staff manages terrain and develops infrastructure by using and enhancing available fixed and permanent installations, facilities, and fabrications to:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Position units by evaluating threats, the suitability and survivability of available facilities, and mission requirements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Locate facilities and supplies by evaluating threats and the requirements of the units operating or using the facility and supplies, lines of communication, and accessibility.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Identify wartime facility and construction requirements for US forces in coordination with unified action partners the host nation, and multinational partners.	N/A	N/A	N/A
6. The staff integrates US capabilities with forces from other nations, other government departments and agencies, non-governmental organizations, and host nation civil authorities and security forces for joint security operations by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Coordinating with commanders and host nation agencies to ensure host nation security assets enhance security of military forces and support the concept of operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Directing component commanders to employ host nation security assets to:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Defend bases, lines of communication, and facilities in support of the concept of operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Coordinate US base and base cluster defense plans with host nation security assets.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Integrating multi-national forces into joint security planning to develop and execute defensive operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Leveraging the resources of government departments and agencies to complement the joint force security posture.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Managing and controlling the security of deployed DoD civilian work force and contingency contractor personnel.	N/A	N/A	N/A
7. The staff plans security for operational forces and critical installations by:	N/A	N/A	N/A
a. Defending air bases to protect aircraft during take-off and landing operations, as well as parked aircraft.	N/A	N/A	N/A
b. Designating seaports or marine terminals as a base cluster to provide shore boundary defense and waterside harbor approach security.	N/A	N/A	N/A
c. Protecting the movement of personnel, equipment, and materiel on main supply routes during joint reception, staging, onward movement, and integration activities.	N/A	N/A	N/A
d. Exercising joint movement control by planning, allocating, coordinating, and deconflicting transportation and by establishing and operating an in-transit visibility system to track movements.	N/A	N/A	N/A
e. Employing active security measures that include:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Patrols.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Fighting positions.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Check points.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Route sweeps.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(5) Cordon security operations.	N/A	N/A	N/A
f. Employing passive security measures that include:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Convoy movements with integral security.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Route and convoy departure time variance.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Operations security countermeasures.	N/A	N/A	N/A
g. Conducting reconnaissance and surveillance of main supply routes, pipelines, waterways, and terrain the enemy could use to influence the joint force's movement with:	N/A	N/A	N/A
(1) Manned or unmanned aircraft.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2) Host nation military or police physical reconnaissance and traffic control.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Patrols and other actions on lines of communication.	N/A	N/A	N/A
(4) Waterway patrols.	N/A	N/A	N/A
h. Exploiting counter-intelligence processes to include investigations; operations; collection, reporting, analysis and production, and dissemination.	N/A	N/A	N/A

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK

ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Never

MOPP 4 Statement: None

NVG: Never

NVG Statement: None

Prerequisite Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-9-5200	Assess the Operational Situation	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-5300	Prepare Plans (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-5400	Control Subordinate Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

Supporting Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-9-5130	Determine Commander's Critical Information Requirements (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	150-LDR-5003	Use the Mission Order Technique	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-2300	Perform Information Collection	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5111	Conduct the Military Decisionmaking Process	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5144	Develop a Running Estimate	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5145	Conduct Risk Management	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-MC-5200	Conduct Command Post Operations	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

Task ID	Title
OP 6.5	Provide Security for Operational Forces

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
No TADSS specified			

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified		

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
No materiel items specified			

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. .

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.