

**150-LDR-5012**  
**Conduct Troop Leading Procedures**  
**Status: Approved**

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**Security Classification:** U - Unclassified

**Distribution Restriction:** Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

**Destruction Notice:** None

**Foreign Disclosure: FD1** - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the Fort Leavenworth, KS, foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

**Conditions:** The leader receives an order from higher headquarters (HHQ) or the commander derives a mission that requires the leader to conduct troop leading procedures (TLP). The commander issues guidance on conducting troop leading procedures in a dynamic and complex operational environment (OE) throughout operations to shape, counter aggression, and prevail in large scale combat operations (LSCO); consolidate gains; and achieve mission objectives. Regular, irregular, criminal, and/or terrorist threats contest the unit's objectives in all five domains (land, maritime, air, space, and cyberspace). Additionally, the threat maintains the ability to sustain all nine forms of contact (direct; indirect; non-hostile; obstacle; chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear (CBRN); aerial; visual; electromagnetic; and influence) with the unit. All eight operational variables (political, military economic, social, information, infrastructure, physical environment, and time [PMESII-PT] are present and dynamic for brigade and above; four or more variables are present for battalion and below. The order from HHQ includes all applicable overlays and/or graphics, area of operations (AO) boundaries, control measures, and criteria for subsequent tactical actions. The leader has communications with subordinate units, adjacent units, and HHQ. The leader has organized the four components of the command and control system to support decision making, facilitate communication, and conduct operations.

**Note:** Conduct the task using Secret//Releasable (S//REL) classified mission partner network (MPN) to enable command and control, decision making, and shared understanding with mission partners (collaboration and the display and sharing of relevant information), which realistically portrays a mission partner environment (MPE). The Army will likely conduct operations on an MPN, within an MPE in a combined theater. Produce orders, estimates, and other staff products on the MPN, utilizing SIPR NOFORN by exception only.

**Environment:** Some iterations of this task should be performed with degraded command and control networks, degraded conditions in the electromagnetic spectrum, and/or with degraded, denied, and disrupted space operations environment (D3SOE). Also, enemies and/or adversaries have taken actions to create anti-access or area-denial (A2/AD) conditions. This task should not be trained in MOPP 4.

**Standards:** The leader conducts TLP to analyze a mission, develop a plan, and prepare for an operation. The TLP provide a framework for planning and preparing for operations. The leader uses the eight-step TLP to effectively and efficiently use available time to issue orders and execute tactical operations while maximizing understanding of the situation. The leader begins TLP when a company or smaller unit receives the initial warning order (WARNORD), an operation order (OPORD), or a fragmentary order (FRAGORD). The leader modifies the sequence steps to meet the mission, situation, and available time. The leader modifies the assessments, updates tentative plans, and continues to supervise and assess preparation as each subsequent order arrives. Conducting troop leading procedures is conducted in accordance with (IAW) FM 5-0, established timelines, the commander's intent, orders from higher headquarters, the Army Ethic, and standard operating procedures (SOP), while adhering to the GO/NO-GO criteria without error.

**Special Conditions:** None

**Safety Risk:** Low

**MOPP 4:** Never

### Task Statements

**Cue:** The leader receives an order from higher headquarters (HHQ) or the commander derives a mission that requires the leader to conduct troop leading procedures.

## DANGER

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct risk management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

## WARNING

Risk management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All Soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

## CAUTION

Identifying hazards and controlling risks across the full spectrum of Army functions, operations, and activities is the responsibility of all Soldiers.

**Remarks:** For questions, concerns, or comments, please contact: [usarmy.leavenworth.tradoc.list.mission-command-coe-dotted@army.mil](mailto:usarmy.leavenworth.tradoc.list.mission-command-coe-dotted@army.mil).

**Notes:** None

## Performance Steps

1. Step 1 - Receives the mission. The leader receives the mission in the form of a series of warning orders (WARNORDs), an operation order (OPORD), or a fragmentary order (FRAGORD) and a briefing from the commander.
  - Conducts a confirmation brief to the higher echelon commander to ensure they understand the higher commander's intent and concept of operations.
  - Performs an initial assessment of the situation.
  - Assesses the time available for planning and preparation.
    - Identifies critical times specified by the higher headquarters (HHQ).
    - Begins reverse planning by estimating how much time each event will require.
  - Identifies relevant information to filter into the categories of the mission variables METT-TC (I) (mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available, time available, civil considerations, and informational considerations.).
    - Identifies the time needed to complete major planning and preparation events - including rehearsals.
    - Applies reverse planning throughout this process.
  - Uses no more than one-third of the available time for planning and issuing the OPORD.
  - Ensures the remaining two-thirds of time is available to subordinates.
2. Step 2 - Issues a warning order. The leader issues a WARNORD as soon as the leader finishes the initial assessment.
  - Follows the five-paragraph OPORD format.
  - Identifies the mission or nature of the operation.
  - Identifies the time and place for issuing the OPORD.
  - Identifies units or elements participating in the operation.
  - Identifies specific tasks not addressed by unit standard operating procedures (SOPs).
  - Identifies the timeline for the operation.

Note: Issue the best WARNORD possible with the information available at the time and update it as needed with additional WARNORDs for maximum subordinate planning time and to immediately begin critical tasks.

3. Step 3 - Makes a tentative plan. The leader develops a tentative plan once the WARNORD is issued.
  - a. The leader conducts mission analysis using the METT-TC (I) format (continuing the initial assessment performed in step 1).
    - Mission.
    - Enemy.
    - Terrain and weather.
    - Troops and support available.
    - Time available.
    - Civil considerations.
    - Informational considerations.
  - (1) Analyzes the mission.
    - HHQ mission and commander's intent.
    - HHQ concept of operations.
    - Specified, implied, and essential tasks.
    - Constraints.
    - Restated mission.
  - Note: The mission statement states who (the unit), what (the task), when (either the critical time or on order), where (location), and why (the purpose of the operation).
  - (2) Analyzes the enemy.
    - Composition.
    - Disposition.
    - Strengths.
    - Recent activities.
    - Ability to reinforce.
    - Possible courses of action (COA).
  - (3) Analyzes terrain and weather using the memory aid OAKOC (observation and fields of fire, avenues of approach, key terrain, obstacles, and cover and concealment).
    - Terrain (OAKOC).
    - Weather.
      - Visibility.
      - Wind.
      - Precipitation.
      - Cloud cover.
      - Temperature.
      - Humidity.
      - Atmospheric pressure (as required).
      - Space weather.
  - (4) Analyzes troops and support available.
    - Troops.
      - Determines status of their Soldiers' morale.
      - Determines status of their Soldiers' experience and training.
      - Determines the strengths and weaknesses of subordinate leaders.
    - Support.
      - Determines all available resources and assesses their capabilities (e.g., troops attached to, or in direct support of, the unit).
      - Knows the strength and status of unit equipment.
      - Understands the full array of assets in support of the unit (e.g., availability of indirect fire, space, cyberspace, or information operation capabilities).
      - Considers any new limitations based on the level of training or recent operations.

- (5) Analyzes the time available.
  - Understands the time and space aspects of preparing, moving, fighting, and sustaining.
  - Views their own tasks and enemy actions in relation to time.
  - Considers how long it takes under different conditions to prepare orders for certain tasks.
    - Orders production.
    - Rehearsals.
    - Subordinate element preparation.
  - Monitors the time available.
  - Assesses their impact on the unit timeline and updates previous timelines for subordinates.
  - Ensures timelines list all events that effect the unit and subordinate elements.

- (6) Identifies civil considerations by using the ASCOPE (areas, structures, capabilities, organizations, people, and events) format.
  - Areas.
  - Structures.
  - Capabilities.
  - Organizations.
  - People.
  - Events.

Note: Refer to FM 5-0, Appendix A for examples of ASCOPE.

- (7) Analyzes informational considerations.

Note: Information considerations are embedded within each of the prior variables.

b. The leader conducts COA development.

- Determines one or more ways to accomplish the mission.
- Does not wait for a complete order before beginning COA development.
- Begins COA development with the information at hand and updates the COA as more information becomes available.
- Identifies usable COAs as soon as there is enough information using this format:
  - Feasible.
  - Suitable.
  - Complete.
  - Distinguishable.
- Focuses first on the actions the unit takes at the objective and develops a reverse plan to the starting point.

Note: At lower echelons, the mission may be a single task. However, the leader may develop and then analyze additional COAs.

c. Analyzes COAs (wargame).

- Visualizes the operation from start to finish for each COA.
- Conducts a wargame with key leaders to aid in analysis (when time is available).
- Compares each COA with the enemy's most probable COA (at the small-unit level, the enemy's most probable COA is what the enemy is most likely to do given what friendly forces are doing at the time).
- Visualizes a set of actions, reactions, and counteractions.
- Determines what can go wrong and what decision the leader will likely have to make as a result.

d. COA comparison and selection.

- Compares COAs by weighing the advantages, disadvantages, strengths, and weaknesses of each, as noted during the COA analysis (wargame).
- Decides which COA to execute based on the comparison and the leader's judgement of considerations.
  - Mission accomplishment.
  - Time available to execute the operation.
  - Risks.
  - Subordinate unit tasks and purposes.
  - Projected casualties.
  - Posturing of the force for future operations.

4. Step 4 - Initiates movement. The leader conducts any movement directed by the HHQ or deemed necessary within constraints to continue mission preparation or to position the unit for execution.

- Conducts movement as soon as they have enough information to do so or when the unit is required to move to position itself for a task.
- Conducts movement when time is short.
- Conducts movement to an assembly area, battle position, new assigned area, or an attack position as directed or approved.
- Includes movement of reconnaissance elements, guides, or quartering party.

Note: Leaders ensure security is provided and fires are integrated for all movements.

5. Step 5 - Conducts reconnaissance. The leader directs the unit to conduct reconnaissance to seek or confirm information requirements.

- Observes the assigned area for the mission prior to execution or conducts a map reconnaissance supplemented by geospatial intelligence products, other intelligence products, and reports.
- Directs subordinates or other elements (e.g., scouts) to conduct reconnaissance while the leader completes other TLP steps.
- Performs reconnaissance tasks to confirm or deny information that supports the tentative plan.
- Identifies information gaps identified during mission analysis.
- Ensures the leader's reconnaissance complements the HHQ information collection plan.
- Performs additional reconnaissance tasks as the situation allows.

Note: This step may also precede making a tentative plan if commanders lack enough information to begin planning. Reconnaissance may be the only way to develop the information required for planning.

6. Step 6 - Completes the plan. The leader integrates the results of reconnaissance into the selected COA to complete the plan or order.

- Prepares the overlays.
- Refines the indirect fire target list.
- Coordinates sustainment and signal requirements.
- Updates the tentative plan because of reconnaissance.
- Conducts final coordination with adjacent units and HHQ before issuing the order.

Note: At lower echelons, this step may entail only confirming or updating information contained in the tentative plan.

7. Step 7 - Issues the order. The leader issues the order.

- Identifies graphics and other control measures received with the order.
- Issues a standard five-paragraph OPORD.
- Identifies the ideal location for issuing the order at a point in the assigned area with a view of the objective and other aspects of terrain.
- Implements appropriate measures to maintain operations security (OPSEC).
- Performs a leader reconnaissance, completes the order, and issues the order on the terrain.
- Adjusts when impractical to issue the order at the objective (e.g., when in the defense) by using:
  - A sand table.
  - A detailed sketch.
  - Maps.
  - Other products to depict the assigned area and the situation.

Note: Small-unit orders are normally issued verbally and supplemented by graphics and other control measures.

8. Step 8 - Supervises and refines. The leader assesses subordinates' preparations.

- Monitors mission preparations.
- Coordinates with adjacent units.
- Supervises and assesses preparations.
- Refines the plan as necessary.
- Refers to the SOPs for individual responsibilities and the sequence of preparation activities.
- Ensures the unit is ready for the mission.
- Supervises subordinates.
- Inspects their personnel and equipment.

Note: Supervision ensures leaders assess their subordinates' understanding of their orders, determines where additional guidance or planning is necessary, and ensures units' preparations are best focused toward accomplishing the mission.

a. Conducts rehearsals.

- Practices essential tasks.
- Identifies weaknesses or problems in the plan.
- Coordinates subordinate element actions.
- Improves Soldier understanding of the concept of operations.
- Fosters confidence among Soldiers.

b. Company and smaller-sized units select rehearsals techniques based on the situation, complexity of the operations, and level of training or familiarity of the force to the type of operation being conducted.

- Full dress rehearsal.
- Key leader rehearsal
- Terrain-model rehearsal.
- Map rehearsal.

c. Refines the plan as required or necessary from:

- FRAGORDs from higher echelons,
- Updated intelligence.
- Insights gained during the rehearsal.

Note: Most importantly, leaders create plans to ensure that all their subordinates focus on accomplishing the same mission within the commander's intent and can deviate from the plan to execute changes based on battlefield conditions and enemy forces.

(Asterisks indicates a leader performance step.)

**Evaluation Guidance:** Score the Soldier "GO" if all steps are passed. Score the Soldier "NO-GO" if any step is failed. If the Soldier fails any step, show what was done wrong and how to perform the measure correctly.

**Evaluation Preparation:** Brief the Soldier: Explain expectations to the Soldier by reviewing the task standards. Stress to the Soldier the importance of observing all cautions and warnings to avoid injury to personnel and, if applicable, damage to equipment.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO	N/A
1. Step 1 - Received the mission. The leader received the mission in the form of a series of WARNORDS, an OPORD, or in a FRAGORD and a briefing from their commander.			
2. Step 2 - Issued a warning order. The leader issued a WARNORD as soon as leader finished the initial assessment.			
3. Step 3 - Made a tentative plan. The leader developed a tentative plan once the WARNORD was issued.			
4. Step 4 - Initiated movement. The leader conducted any movement directed by the HHQ or deemed necessary within constraints to continue mission preparation or to position the unit for execution.			
5. Step 5 - Conducted reconnaissance. The leader directed the unit to conduct reconnaissance to seek or confirm information requirements.			
6. Step 6 - Completed the plan. The leader integrated the results of reconnaissance into the selected COA to complete the plan or order.			
7. Step 7 - Issued the order. The leader issued the order.			
8. Step 8 - Supervised and refined. The leader assessed subordinates' preparations.			

**Supporting Reference(s):**

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary	Source Information
	FM 5-0	PLANNING AND ORDERS PRODUCTION	Yes	Yes	
	UNIT SOP	Unit / Unit's Standard Operating Procedure SOP	Yes	No	

**TADSS :**

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type
20-101	Joint Land Component Constructive Training Capability -Multi-Resolution Federation - Standard Configuration	DVC
71-20	Common Hardware Platform (CHP)	DVC

**Equipment Items (LIN):** None**Materiel Items (NSN) :**

Step ID	NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
No materiel items specified				

**Environment:** Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. Refer to GTA 05-08-002 ENVIRONMENTAL-RELATED RISK ASSESSMENT.

**Safety:** In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with current Risk Management Doctrine. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW current CBRN doctrine. Refer to GTA 05-08-012 INDIVIDUAL SAFETY CARD.

**Prerequisite Individual Tasks :** None**Supporting Individual Tasks :**

Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
150-C2-5116	Conduct Course of Action Comparison	150 - Mission Command (Individual)	Approved
150-C2-5112	Conduct Mission Analysis	150 - Mission Command (Individual)	Approved

**Supported Individual Tasks :** None**Supported Collective Tasks :**

Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
17-PLT-1097	Conduct a Raid - Mechanized Infantry Platoon (ABCT)	17 - Armor (Collective)	Approved
08-SEC-9009(Step: 1.)	Manage Aviation Brigade Surgeon Section Operations	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
55-PLT-0015(Step: 7.)	Transport Potable Water in Load Handling System Compatible Water Tank Racks (HIPPO)	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Analysis
55-PLT-0015(Step: 1.)	Transport Potable Water in Load Handling System Compatible Water Tank Racks (HIPPO)	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Analysis
03-TM-3106(Step: 1.)	Conduct Exploitation Analysis Center (EAC) Operations for Special Operations Forces CBRN Reconnaissance and Decontamination Team (CRDT)	03 - CBRN (Collective)	Approved
55-PLT-0012(Step: 4.)	Transport Palletized Loads of Ammunition	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Analysis
08-SEC-9012(Step: 1.)	Provide Civil Affairs Public Health Specialty Services	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved

07-CO-1028	Conduct an Area Defense - Rifle Company (IBCT)	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Analysis
31-TM-0301(Step: 2.)	Conduct CBRN Reconnaissance for Special Forces CBRN Reconnaissance Decontamination (CRD) Teams	31 - Special Forces (Collective)	Proposed
71-DET-5099	Conduct the Operations Process for Command and Control	71 - Mission Command (Collective)	Approved
07-PLT-1272	Conduct Area Security - Platoon	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
71-CORP-7221	Conduct a Mobile Defense	71 - Mission Command (Collective)	Approved
06-BTRY-4003(Step: 3.)	Perform Reaction Force Operations	06 - Field Artillery (Collective)	Reviewed
07-PLT-1098	Conduct a Raid - Rifle Platoon (SBCT)	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
71-DIV-7220	Conduct an Area Defense	71 - Mission Command (Collective)	Approved
63-CO-4552(Step: 1.)	Conduct Field Maintenance and Supply Company Operations	63 - Multifunctional Logistics (Collective)	Analysis Completed
71-DET-5200	Conduct Command Post Operations	71 - Mission Command (Collective)	Approved
55-PLT-0015(Step: 5.)	Transport Potable Water in Load Handling System Compatible Water Tank Racks (HIPPO)	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Analysis
71-DIV-7221	Conduct a Mobile Defense	71 - Mission Command (Collective)	Approved
55-CO-4825(Step: 5.)	Conduct Integration Activities	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Approved
08-CO-0244(Step: 1.)	Provide Clinical Laboratory Services	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
43-SEC-0011(Step: 1.)	Perform Ground Support Equipment Maintenance	43 - Maintenance (except missile) (Collective)	Approved
07-PLT-1256	Conduct an Attack by Fire - Platoon	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
07-CO-1256	Conduct an Attack by Fire - Company	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
36-PLT-0001	Conduct Pre-mission Training for Foreign Internal Defense (FID)	36 - Irregular Warfare (Collective)	Approved
07-SQD-1256	Conduct an Attack by Fire - Squad	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
36-CO-0001	Conduct Pre-mission Training for Foreign Internal Defense (FID)	36 - Irregular Warfare (Collective)	Approved
43-SEC-0002(Step: 1.)	Perform Armament Equipment Field Maintenance	43 - Maintenance (except missile) (Collective)	Approved
55-CO-4827(Step: 9.)	Direct Unit Mobilization	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Analysis
43-SEC-0013(Step: 1.)	Perform Missile and Electronic Equipment Field Maintenance	43 - Maintenance (except missile) (Collective)	Approved
17-CO-1030	Conduct an Area Defense - Armor and Mechanized Infantry Company Team (ABCT)	17 - Armor (Collective)	Analysis
19-PLT-1407(Step: 1.)	Establish a Deliberate Checkpoint	19 - Military Police (Collective)	Analysis
55-TM-1411(Step: 6.)	Coordinate Air Transportation Support	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Approved
07-CO-1029	Conduct an Area Defense - Rifle Company (SBCT)	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Analysis
08-TM-1815(Step: 1.)	Provide Combat and Operational Stress Control Support	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
10-PLT-0404(Step: 7.)	Provide Class I Subsistence Support	10 - Quartermaster (Collective)	Approved
08-CO-9005(Step: 1.)	Perform Aeromedical Evacuation Support Activities	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
07-CO-9003	Conduct an Area Defense - Company	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Analysis
10-PLT-0404(Step: 3.)	Provide Class I Subsistence Support	10 - Quartermaster (Collective)	Approved
08-CO-0316(Step: 1.)	Provide Sick Call Services	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
08-CO-0242(Step: 1.)	Perform Surgical Services	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
03-TM-3110(Step: 1.)	Conduct Thorough Decontamination Support for Special Operations Forces CBRN Reconnaissance and Decontamination Team (CRDT)	03 - CBRN (Collective)	Approved
55-TM-0032(Step: 8.)	Provide Cargo Documentation Support for Unit Equipment and Supplies at the SPOD	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Approved
08-CO-0229(Step: 1.)	Conduct Patient Care Operations	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
08-CO-9882(Step: 1.)	Provide Outpatient Services	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
55-TM-1411(Step: 1.)	Coordinate Air Transportation Support	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Approved
03-TM-3108(Step: 1.)	Conduct Technical Decontamination for Special Operations Forces CBRN Reconnaissance and Decontamination Team (CRDT)	03 - CBRN (Collective)	Approved
19-PLT-1502(Step: 1.)	Conduct Route Regulation and Enforcement	19 - Military Police (Collective)	Analysis
19-PLT-2302(Step: 1.)	Perform as a Response Force	19 - Military Police (Collective)	Analysis
36-BN-0001(Step: 2.)	Conduct Pre-mission Training for Foreign Internal Defense (FID)	36 - Irregular Warfare (Collective)	Approved
07-CO-1099	Conduct a Raid - Rifle Company (IBCT)	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved

19-PLT-2901(Step: 1.)	Provide Security for Designated Persons	19 - Military Police (Collective)	Analysis
19-PLT-1405(Step: 1.)	Establish Defile Operations	19 - Military Police (Collective)	Analysis
08-SEC-9011(Step: 1.)	Conduct Division Surgeon Section Operations	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
17-CO-1096	Conduct a Raid - Rifle Company (ABCT)	17 - Armor (Collective)	Approved
19-PLT-1602(Step: 1.)	Conduct Support to Passage of Lines	19 - Military Police (Collective)	Analysis
07-CO-1098	Conduct a Raid - Rifle Company (SBCT)	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
55-TM-1401(Step: 1.)	Provide Movement Control Support	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Approved
19-PLT-2204(Step: 1.)	Conduct Critical Asset Security	19 - Military Police (Collective)	Analysis
03-TM-3107(Step: 1.)	Conduct Operational Decontamination Support for Special Operations Forces CBRN Reconnaissance and Decontamination Team (CRDT)	03 - CBRN (Collective)	Approved
80-CO-0002	Manage Pre-mission Training for Foreign Internal Defense (FID)	80 - Special Operations	Approved
19-PLT-2802(Step: 1.)	Conduct Dislocated Civilian Control	19 - Military Police (Collective)	Analysis
43-CO-4554(Step: 1.)	Conduct Support Maintenance Company (SMC) Operations	43 - Maintenance (except missile) (Collective)	Approved
19-PLT-2702(Step: 1.)	Employ Reconnaissance and Surveillance	19 - Military Police (Collective)	Analysis
19-PLT-1304(Step: 1.)	Conduct Support to Gap-Crossing	19 - Military Police (Collective)	Analysis
80-TM-0002	Conduct Pre-mission Training for Foreign Internal Defense (FID)	80 - Special Operations	Approved
01-CO-7531(Step: 1.)	Provide Ground Control Approach (GCA) Services	01 - Aviation/Aviation Logistics (Collective)	Reviewed
03-TM-3109(Step: 1.)	Conduct CBRN Hazard Mitigation Operations for Special Operations Forces CBRN Reconnaissance and Decontamination Team (CRDT)	03 - CBRN (Collective)	Approved
08-CO-8480(Step: 1.)	Provide Medical Logistics Company Support	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
55-TM-1401(Step: 6.)	Provide Movement Control Support	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Approved
55-TM-1420(Step: 1.)	Implement the Theater Movement Program for Reception and Onward Movement Operations	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Analysis Completed
17-CO-1097	Conduct a Raid - Armor and Mechanized Infantry Company Team (ABCT)	17 - Armor (Collective)	Approved
31-BN-9103(Step: 1.)	Establish a Sensitive Activities Task Force (SATF) Headquarters	31 - Special Forces (Collective)	Approved
08-CO-1813(Step: 1.)	Perform Clinical Services	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
08-CO-8457(Step: 1.)	Conduct Medical Company Area Support Operations	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
43-SEC-0009(Step: 1.)	Perform Wheel and Track Vehicle Field Maintenance	43 - Maintenance (except missile) (Collective)	Analysis
07-PLT-1099	Conduct a Raid - Rifle Platoon (IBCT)	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
08-PLT-1302(Step: 1.)	Conduct Role 1 Medical Platoon Operations	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved
43-CO-1503(Step: 1.)	Conduct Battlefield Damage Assessment Repair (BDAR) Operations	43 - Maintenance (except missile) (Collective)	Approved
43-CW-0001(Step: 1.)	Perform Vehicle Recovery	43 - Maintenance (except missile) (Collective)	Proposed
55-TM-0033(Step: 1.)	Provide Cargo Documentation Support for Unit Equipment and Supplies at the SPOE	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Analysis
71-CO-5200	Conduct Command Post Operations	71 - Mission Command (Collective)	Approved
71-CO-0433	Support Command Posts	71 - Mission Command (Collective)	Approved
55-TM-1420(Step: 6.)	Implement the Theater Movement Program for Reception and Onward Movement Operations	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Analysis Completed
08-TM-0241(Step: 1.)	Provide Physical Therapy Services	08 - Medical (Collective)	Analysis Completed
43-SEC-0001(Step: 1.)	Perform Maintenance on Communication and Electronic Equipment	43 - Maintenance (except missile) (Collective)	Approved
55-TM-0033(Step: 11.)	Provide Cargo Documentation Support for Unit Equipment and Supplies at the SPOE	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Analysis
07-CO-1272	Conduct Area Security - Company	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
41-SEC-5008(Step: 1.)	Conduct Special Operations Targeting (Nonlethal Effects)	41 - Civil Affairs (Collective)	Approved
55-TM-0053(Step: 5.)	Provide Technical Advice to Transportation Users for Movement Planning	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Approved
08-CO-0122(Step: 1.)	Provide Medical Logistics Support	08 - Medical (Collective)	Approved

31-CO-0201	Conduct Partner Nation Military Advisory Assistance for Special Forces	31 - Special Forces (Collective)	Analysis Completed
55-TM-0032(Step: 1.)	Provide Cargo Documentation Support for Unit Equipment and Supplies at the SPOD	55 - Transportation (Collective)	Approved

### Knowledges :

Knowledge ID	Knowledge Name
K0087	Know the steps of the Troop Leading Procedures (TLP).
K0229	Understand the concept of combat power
K0259	Understand the concept of orders
K0262	Know the five forms of combat orders
K0375	Understand the concept of reverse planning.
K0005	Understand the concept of Area of Operations (AO)
K0022	Understand the concept of reconnaissance
K0192	Understand the concept of wargaming
K0266	Understand the concept of a "concept of the operation"
K0028	Understand the concept of key terrain
K0029	Understand the concept of decisive points
K0393	Understand the 1/3 - 2/3 planning rule.

### Skills :

Skill ID	Skill Name
S0602	Ability to Communicate Effectively in Writing
S0026	Differentiate specified, implied and essential tasks
S0101	Be able to conduct troop leading procedures

**ICTL Data :** None