

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved

06 Apr 2015

Effective Date: 30 Sep 2016

Task Number: 71-9-5900

Task Title: Integrate a Supporting Special Operations Organization (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the Fort Leavenworth foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

| Step Number | Reference ID | Reference Name | Required | Primary |
|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|----------|---------|
| | JP 3-05 | DOCTRINE FOR JOINT SPECIAL OPERATIONS | Yes | Yes |
| | JP 3-33 | Joint Task Force Headquarters | Yes | No |

Conditions: The command is conducting operations as a Joint Task Force (JTF) or as a Combined Joint Task Force (CJTF) headquarters. The command's headquarters receives liaison, unit, and individual augmentees. The command receives an operations order from higher headquarters. The commander issues guidance on transitioning special operations forces from supported to supporting roles. The command establishes communications with subordinate and adjacent units and higher headquarters. The mission command system is operational and processing information. This task should not be trained in MOPP 4.

Standards: The staff integrates a supported special operations joint task force to a supporting command to utilize and sustain special operations forces unique capabilities in accordance with the commanders intent, orders from higher headquarters, and standard operating procedures.

Live Fire Required: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

| Plan and Prepare | | Execute | | | | | | Assess | |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Operational Environment | Training Environment (L/V/C) | Training/Authorized | % of Leaders Present at | % of Soldiers Present at | External Eval | % Performance Measures 'GO' | % Critical Performance Measures 'GO' | % Leader Performance Measures 'GO' | Task Assessment |
| BDE & Above | | | | | | | | | |
| Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Hybrid Threat) | Night | IAW unit CATS statement. | >=85% | >=80% | Yes | >=91% | All | >=90% | T |
| | | | 75-84% | | | 80-90% | | 80-89% | T- |
| Dynamic and Complex (All OE Variables and Single Threat) | Day | | 65-74% | 75-79% | No | 65-79% | <All | <=79% | P |
| | | | 60-64% | 60-74% | | 51-64% | | | P- |
| Dynamic and Complex (<All OE Variables and Single Threat) | | | | <=59% | <=59% | <=50% | | | U |

Remarks: None

Notes: None

Safety Risk: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct Composite Risk Management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

WARNING

Composite Risk Management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

CAUTION

None

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps.

| STEP/MEASURE | GO | NO-GO | N/A |
|--|-----|-------|-----|
| 1. The staff prepares to integrate the supported special operations joint task force to a supporting role by: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| a. Coordinating with the joint task force establishing authority and subordinate commands to determine command and control structure for future operations to include: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (1) Retaining the special operations joint task force. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (2) Transitioning the special operations joint task force to a joint force special operations component command or a joint special operations task force. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (3) Activating a joint special operations air component. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| b. Evaluating command and control requirements of special operations forces across the range of military operations to include: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (1) Military engagement, security cooperation, and deterrence operations. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (2) Crisis response and limited contingency operations. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (3) Major operations and campaigns. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| c. Analyzing the future mission based on requirements and the operational environment to include: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (1) Strategic guidance on the new mission or tasks. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (2) Desired end state. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (3) The solution to the fundamental problem would achieve the end state. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (4) The new mission or set of tasks associated with the desired end state. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (5) Confirmation of requirement for military presence and operations for the foreseeable future. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (6) A joint operations mission requirement. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (7) The level of joint headquarters required for command and control. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2. The staff plans to transition the supported special operations joint task force to a supporting role by: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| a. Evaluating plans and processes for modifying: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (1) Joint force task organization. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (2) Operational area boundaries. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (3) Relationships with supporting commands. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (4) Relationships with inter-organizational partners. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (5) Joint task force headquarters augmentation. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (6) Joint task force training requirements. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (7) Liaison requirements. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (8) Basing requirements. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (9) Host nation support requirements. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (10) Operational limitations (constraints and restraints). | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| b. Developing procedures to reorganize the joint task force headquarters for future missions. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| c. Maintaining the stability of the current situation while transitioning to a new command and control structure. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| d. Coordinating future operations planning with the theater special operations command. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| e. Developing transition procedures to: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (1) Transfer operational command and control. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (2) Turn-over equipment and facilities. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (3) Reorganize organizations and personnel. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3. The staff integrates the supporting special operations joint task force by: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| a. Accepting a special operations command and control element to: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (1) Facilitate or exercise command and control of special operations tactical elements attached to, or placed in direct support of, supported conventional forces. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (2) Advise the supported command on the current situation, missions, capabilities, and limitations of supporting and supported special operations forces units. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (3) Advise the supporting special operations forces of the supported command's current situation, missions, intentions, and requirements. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (4) Provide secure communications links. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (5) Coordinate and deconflict special operations activities with conventional operations. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (6) Assist supported conventional forces in planning and executing linkup with special operations forces. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| b. Directing special operations liaison element augmentation to the joint force air component to: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (1) Provide special operations input to the air tasking order and the airspace control order. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (2) Coordinate, deconflict, and synchronize special operations air, surface, and subsurface activities with joint air operations. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (3) Develop fire support coordination measures to minimize the risk of fratricide. | N/A | N/A | N/A |

| | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|
| c. Directing special operations forces liaisons to component commands to: | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (1) Convey information to enable mission execution and reduce the risk of fratricide. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (2) Minimize duplication of effort or disruption of ongoing operations. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (3) Prevent the loss of intelligence sources. | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (4) Assist in coordinating fire support, overflight clearances, aerial refueling, targeting, military deception, military information support operations, and civil affairs activities. | N/A | N/A | N/A |

| TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|
| ITERATION | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | M | TOTAL |
| TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO | | | | | | | |
| TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO | | | | | | | |

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Never

MOPP 4 Statement: None

NVG: Never

NVG Statement: None

Prerequisite Collective Task(s):

| Step Number | Task Number | Title | Proponent | Status |
|-------------|-------------|--|---------------------------------|----------|
| | 71-9-5200 | Assess the Operational Situation | 71 - Combined Arms (Collective) | Approved |
| | 71-9-5300 | Prepare Plans (Division Echelon and Above [Operational]) | 71 - Combined Arms (Collective) | Approved |
| | 71-9-5400 | Control Subordinate Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational]) | 71 - Combined Arms (Collective) | Approved |
| | 71-9-6500 | Provide Security for Operational Forces (Division Echelon and Above [Operational]) | 71 - Combined Arms (Collective) | Approved |

Supporting Collective Task(s):

| Step Number | Task Number | Title | Proponent | Status |
|-------------|-------------|---|---------------------------------|----------|
| | 71-TA-5310 | Conduct Operational Mission Analysis for Theater Army | 71 - Combined Arms (Collective) | Approved |

OPFOR Task(s): None

Supporting Individual Task(s):

| Step Number | Task Number | Title | Proponent | Status |
|-------------|--------------|---|----------------------------------|----------|
| | 150-LDR-5003 | Use the Mission Order Technique | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |
| | 150-MC-2300 | Perform Information Collection | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |
| | 150-MC-5111 | Conduct the Military Decisionmaking Process | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |
| | 150-MC-5144 | Develop a Running Estimate | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |
| | 150-MC-5145 | Conduct Risk Management | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |
| | 150-MC-5200 | Conduct Command Post Operations | 150 - Combined Arms (Individual) | Approved |

Supporting Drill(s): None

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

| Task ID | Title |
|----------|---------------------------|
| OP 5.5.6 | Establish Task Force (TF) |

TADSS

| TADSS ID | Title | Product Type | Quantity |
|----------|---|--------------|----------|
| 71-20 | Common Hardware Platform (CHP) | DVC | 1 |
| 71-30 | Joint Land Component Constructive Training Capability (JLCCTC) Objective System | DVC | 1 |
| 71-ALOTT | Army Low Overhead Training Toolkit | SIM | 1 |

Equipment (LIN)

| LIN | Nomenclature | Qty |
|------------------------|--------------|-----|
| No equipment specified | | |

Materiel Items (NSN)

| NSN | LIN | Title | Qty |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------|-----|
| No materiel items specified | | | |

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card. .

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with ATP 5-19, Risk Management. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Protection, FM 3-11.5, Multiservice Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear Decontamination.